

本刊常用英文缩写词汇

干扰素(interferon, IFN)	血小板衍生生长因子(platelet-derived growth factor, PDGF)
白细胞介素(interleukin, IL)	成纤维细胞生长因子(fibroblast growth factor, FGF)
肿瘤坏死因子(tumor necrosis factor, TNF)	甲胎蛋白(alpha-fetal protein, AFP)
人乳头瘤病毒(human papilloma virus, HPV)	癌胚抗原(carcinoembryonic antigen, CEA)
转化生长因子- β (transforming growth factor- β , TGF- β)	小细胞肺癌(small cell lung cancer, SCLC)
血管内皮生长因子(vascular endothelial growth factor, VEGF)	非小细胞肺癌(non-small cell lung cancer, NSCLC)
表皮生长因子(epidermal growth factor, EGF)	肝细胞癌(hepatocellular carcinoma, HCC)
表皮生长因子受体(epidermal growth factor receptor, EGFR)	核转录因子- κ B(nuclear factor- κ B, NF- κ B)
RNA干扰(RNA interference, RNAi)	雌激素受体(estrogen receptor, ER)
微RNA(microRNA, miRNA)	孕激素受体(progesterone receptor, PR)
小干扰RNA(small interfering RNA, siRNA)	自然杀伤细胞(natural killer, NK)
互补DNA(complementary DNA, cDNA)	细胞毒性T淋巴细胞(cytotoxic T lymphocyte, CTL)
聚合酶链反应(polymerase chain reaction, PCR)	总生存期(overall survival, OS)
反转录聚合酶链反应(reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction, RT-PCR)	完全缓解(complete remission, CR)
酶联免疫吸附试验(enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay, ELISA)	部分缓解(partial remission, PR)
四甲基偶氮唑蓝(methyl thiazolyl tetrazolium, MTT)	疾病进展(progressive disease, PD)
树突状细胞(dendritic cell, DC)	病情稳定(stable disease, SD)
计算机断层成像(computed tomography, CT)	无进展生存期(progression-free survival, PFS)
磁共振成像(magnetic resonance imaging, MRI)	95%可信区间(95% confidence interval, 95%CI)
多层螺旋CT(multiple-slice spiral CT, MSCT)	相对危险度(relative risk, RR)
丝裂原激活蛋白激酶(mitogen-activated protein kinase, MAPK)	比值比(odds ratio, OR)
环氧合酶(cyclooxygenase, COX)	世界卫生组织(World Health Organization, WHO)
基质金属蛋白酶(matrix metalloproteinase, MMP)	磷酸盐缓冲液(phosphate buffered saline, PBS)
	磷脂酰肌醇3激酶(phosphoinositide 3-kinase, PI3K)
	蛋白激酶B(protein kinase B, Akt)